Juvenile Immigrants.—Among the most generally acceptable immigrants of recent years were the juveniles of both sexes, many of whom had been trained by highly accredited British organizations for Canadian life before coming to Canada, the boys being taught the lighter branches of farm work, and the girls instructed in domestic occupations. On arrival in Canada the boys were placed on farms, while the girls were placed either in town or country, but the organizations remained the guardians of the children until they had reached maturity, and, in addition the children were subject to efficient and recurrent government inspection until each reached the age of nineteen. This inspection was under the control of the Supervisor of Juvenile Immigration.

Under the British Empire Settlement Agreement the term "children" was applied to boys from 14 to 19 years of age and girls from 14 to 17 migrating to Canada under provincial or approved-society auspices. These organizations were assisted by the Oversea Settlement Agreement, which provided free transportation for the boys and girls from the British Isles migrating to Canada under their auspices. On Sept. 23, 1931, the societies concerned were notified that the Dominion Government had decided to discontinue any further assistance of that nature.

The number of such juvenile immigrants to Canada in each year since 1901 is given in Table 15.

Fiscal Year.	Juvenile Immi- grants.	Fiscal Year.	Juvenile Ianmi- grants.	Fiscal Year.	Juvenile Immi- grants.
1901	977	1914	2,318	1927	1,741
1902	1,540	1915	1,899	1928	2,070
1903	1,979	1916	821	1929	3,036
1904	2,212	1917	251	1930	4,281
1905	2,814	1918	Nil	1981	2, 190
1906	3,258	1919	"	1932	478
1907 (9 months)	1,455	1920	155	1933	172
1908	2,375	1921	1,426	1934	6
1909	2,424	1922	1,211	1935	ě.
1910	2,422	1923	1,184		
1911	2,524	1924	2,080	1936	1
ł912	2,689	1925	2,000	1937	10
1913	2,642	1926	1,862	1938	- 44

15.-British Juvenile Immigrants, fiscal years ended 1901-38.

Norz.-Juvenile immigrante are, of course, included in the total number of immigrants recorded elsewhere.

Oriental Immigration.—The immigration to Canada of Orientals is fundamentally an economic rather than a racial problem, affecting most of all those parts of the country which are nearest to the Orient and the classes which feel their economic position threatened. A record of Oriental immigration since the commencement of the century is given in Table 16, while Table 16A gives the same information for the calendar years for which it has been possible to compile the figures, viz., 1929 to 1937.